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Drivers of success for agricultural transformation in Africa

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Agricultural growth recovery and economic transformation in Africa

Ousmane Badiane, Director for Africa.

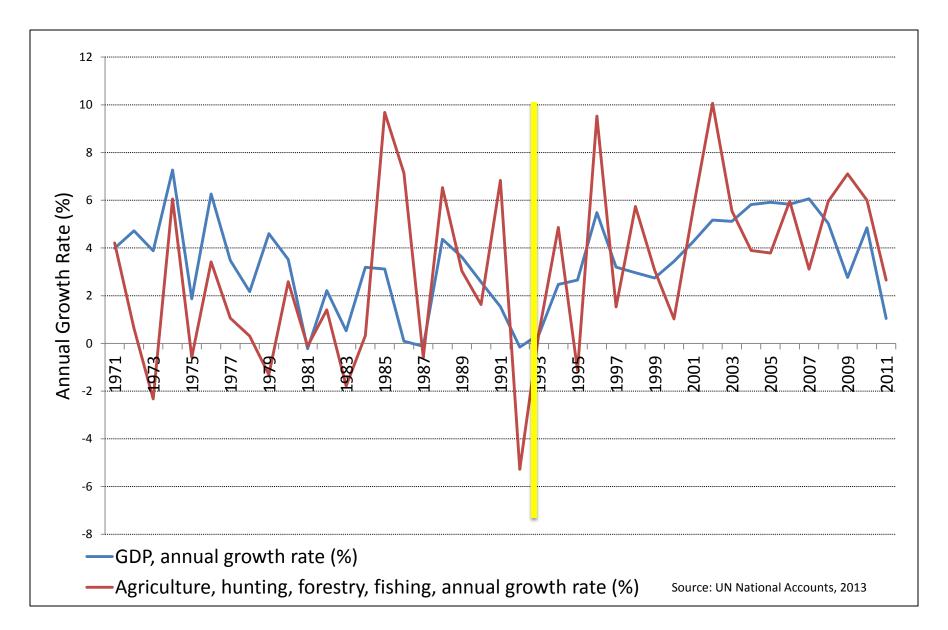


AGRICULTURAL GROWTH RECOVERY AND ECONOMIC TRANSFORMATION IN AFRICA

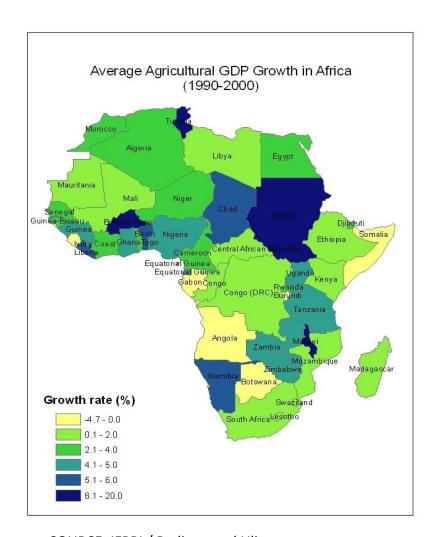
OUSMANE BADIANE
Director for Africa

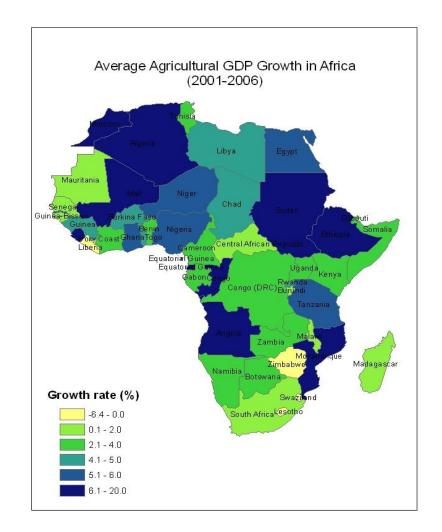
International Food Policy Research Institute

AFRICA IS UNDERGOING ITS LONGEST PERIOD OF SUSTAINED GROWTH SINCE THE 1960S



THE GROWTH IS ACCELERATING AS WELL AS SPREADING GEOGRAPHICALLY





SOURCE: IFPRI / Badiane and Ulimwengu

Data from national account s / UN database: http://data.un.org/Explorer.aspx?d=SNAAMA

IFPRI/Badiane

THE ECONOMIC GROWTH PROCESS

- O COUNTRIES BECOME RICH BY PRODUCING MORE OUTPUT PER GIVEN WORKER
 - → THIS INVOLVES PRODUCING MORE OF THE SAME GOOD
 - ⇒ AND MORE IMPORTANTLY, PRODUCING A LARGER BASKET OF HIGHER VALUE GOODS

- O COUNTRIES ALSO BECOME RICH OVER TIME
 - ⇒ STARTING FROM AN AGRICULTURAL AND RURAL BASE
 - ⇒ MOVING TO AN URBAN AND INDUSTRIAL BASE

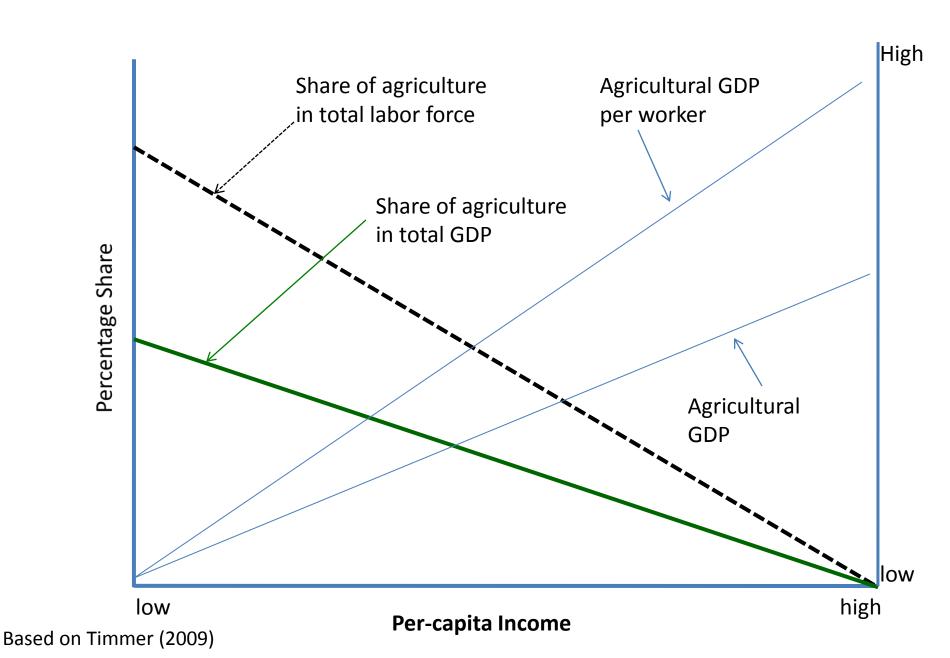
THE ECONOMIC GROWTH PROCESS

- THE DOUBLE CHALLENGE OF MANAGING THE GROWTH PROCESS
 - RAISING PRODUCTIVITY AGRICULTURE AND THE RURAL ECONOMY
 - ⇒ WHILE DIVERSIFYING INTO HIGHER VALUE GOODS OUTSIDE OF AGRICULTURE

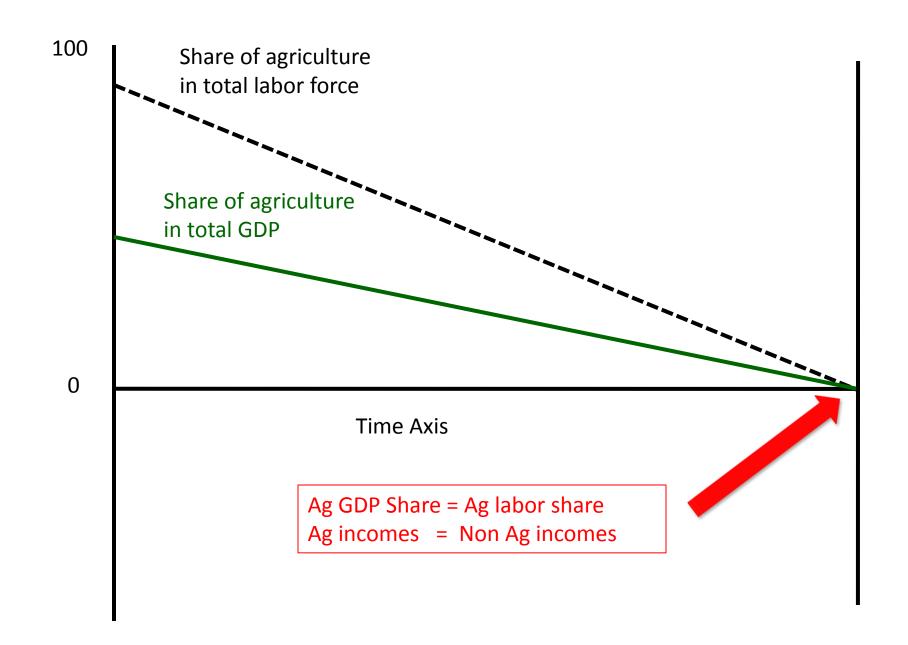
- O DETERMINING FACTORS
 - HUMAN AND PHYSICAL ASSETS

 - POLICY AND COORDINATION CAPACITIES

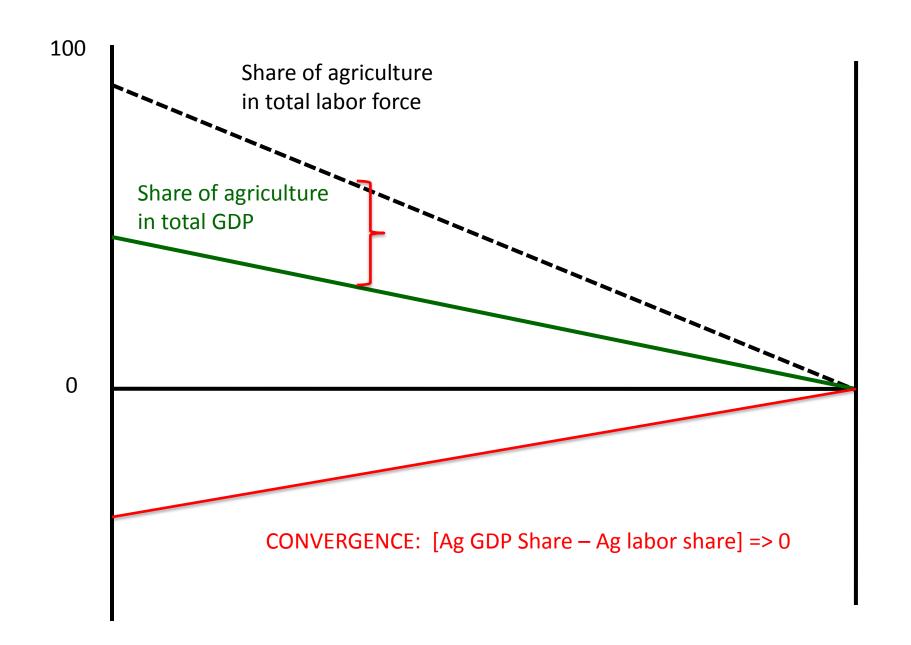
AGRICULTURE IN THE ECONOMIC TRANSFORMATION PROCESS



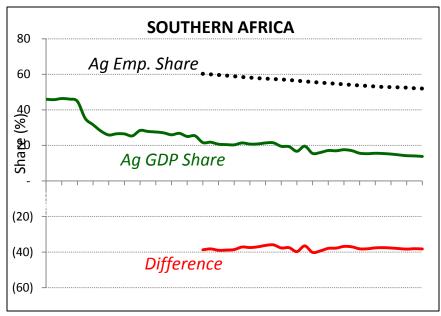
AGRICULTURE IN THE ECONOMIC TRANSFORMATION PROCESS

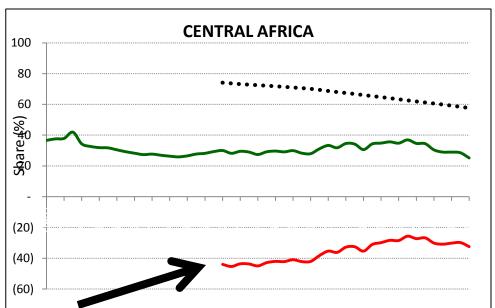


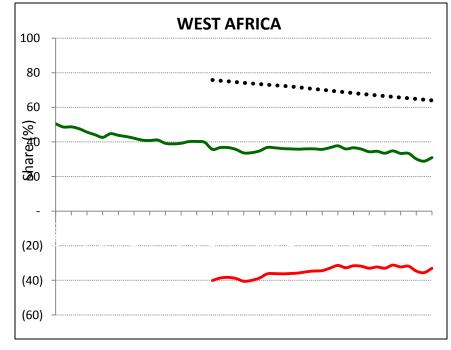
AGRICULTURE IN THE ECONOMIC TRANSFORMATION PROCESS

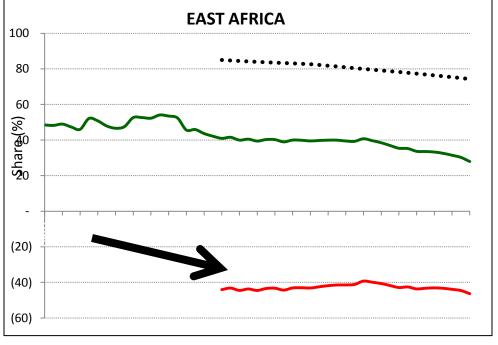


TRENDS IN STRUCTURAL CHANGE AMONG AFRICAN COUNTRIES 1960 - 2008









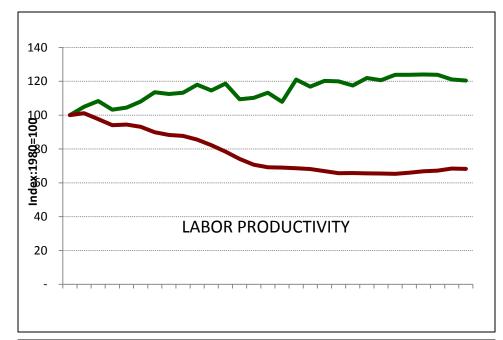
TRENDS IN LABOR PRODUCTIVITY AND EMPLOYMENT IN AFRICA 1980 - 2008

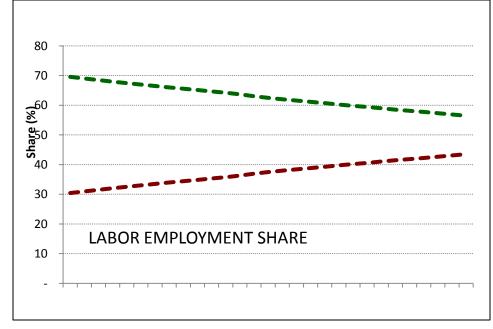
AgricultureNon-agriculture

LABOR PRODUCTIVITY HAS
STAGNATED IN AGRICULTURE
AND DECLINED SHARPLY IN NON
AGRICULTURAL SECTOR, DRIVEN
PRIMARILY BY LOW-PRODUCTIVITY
SFRVICES

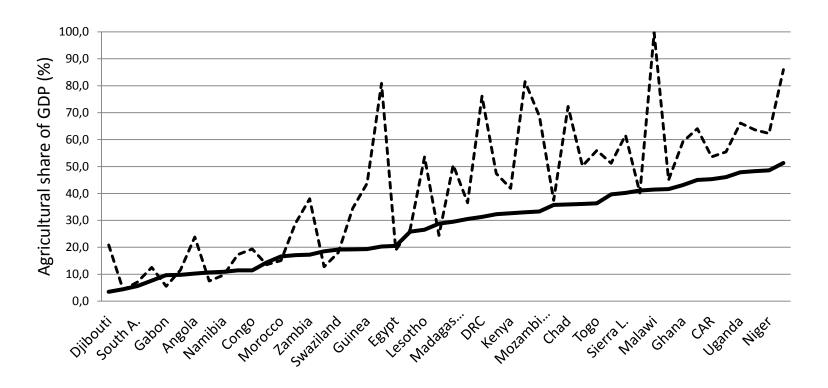
EMPLOYMENT HAS FALLEN
SLIGHTLY IN AGRICULTURE AND
INCREASED RAPIDLY IN NON
AGRICULTURAL SECTOR, AGAIN
DRIVEN BY SERVICES AND LESS BY
INDUSTRY

Source: FAOSTAT 2011





AGRICULTURAL SECTOR UNDERPERFORMANCE AND STRUCTURAL CHANGE



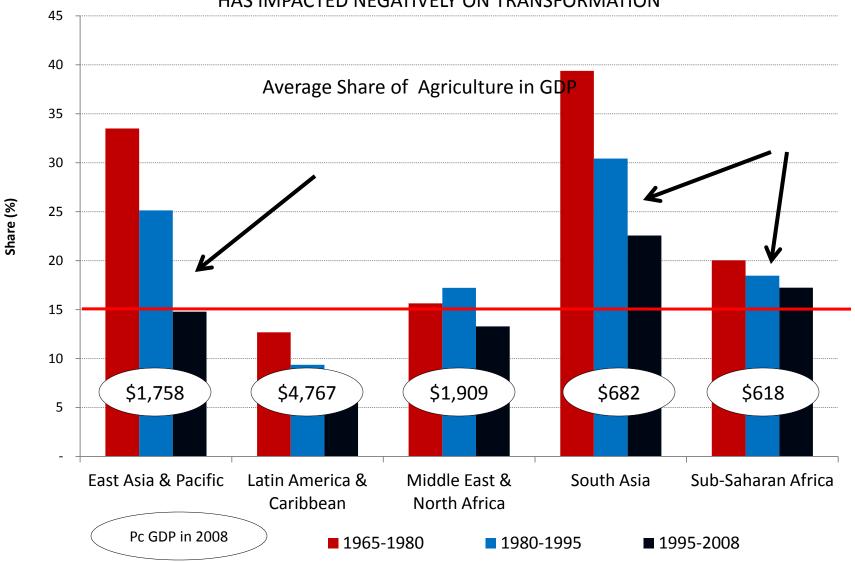
Observed Ag GDP Share
 Expected Ag GDP Share
 Relationship based on sample of 210 countries over 1960-2008 period

THE SHARE OF THE AGRICULTURAL SECTOR IN OVERALL GDP IS LOWER IN NEARLY ALL AFRICAN COUNTRIES THAN WOULD HAVE BEEN EXPECTED BASED ON THE LEVEL OF PER CAPITA

OBSERVED AVERAGE SHARES OVER THE LAST 30 YEARS ARE AROUND 30%, NEARLY 20 PERCFENTAGE POINTS BELOW WHAT WOULD BE EXPECTED BASED ON COUNTRIES' LEVEL OF DEVELOPMENT

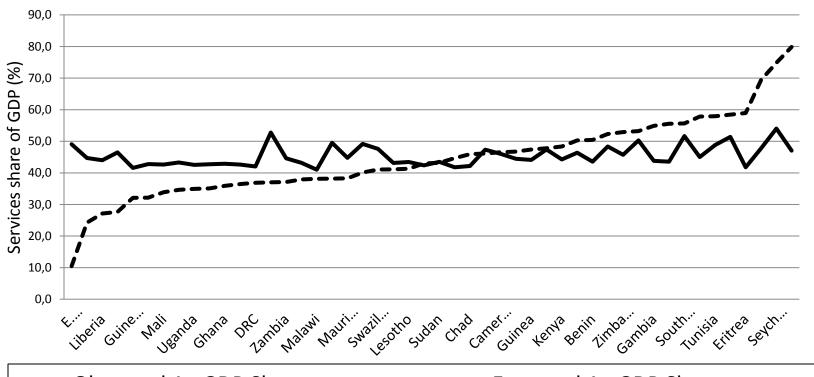
CONLUSION NO. 2

RELATIVELY UNDERSIZED HIGHER-PRODUCTIVITY AGRICULTURAL SECTOR HAS IMPACTED NEGATIVELY ON TRANSFORMATION



SOURCE: IFPRI/Badiane & Makombe based on data from WDI, 2009

OVERSIZED SERVICE SECTOR AND STRUCTURAL CHANGE IN AFRICA



Observed Ag GDP Share
 Expected Ag GDP Share
 Relationship based on sample of 210 countries over 1960-2008 period

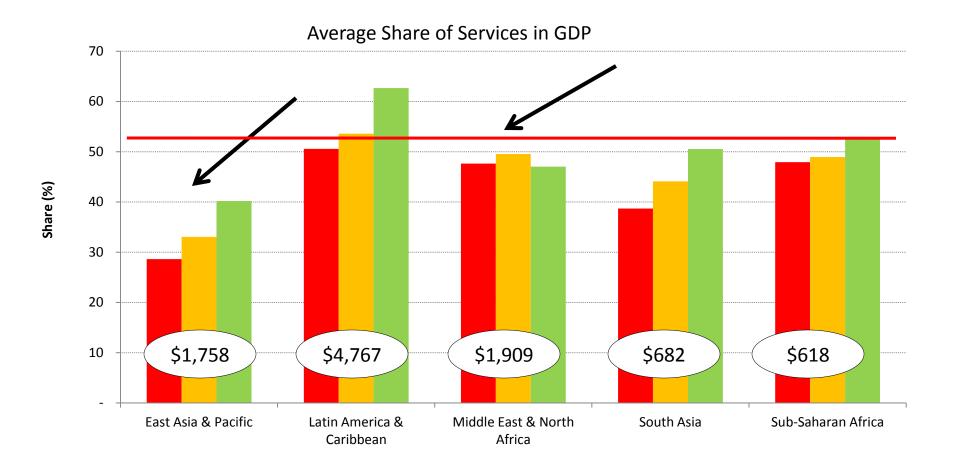
ON THE OTHER HAND, THE SHARE OF THE SERVICES SECTOR IN GDP IS MUCH LARGER IN THE MAJORITY OF COUNTRIES COMPARED WHAT WOULD HAVE BEEN EXPECTED BASED ON THE LEVEL PER CAPITA INCOMES

THE RELATIVELY BIGGER SERVICES SECTOR IS LINKED TO THE UNDERSIZED AGRICULTURAL SECTOR

IT IS A REFLECTION OF "NEGATIVE DIVERSIFICATION" WITH LABOR LEAVING THE UNDERPERFOMING AGRICULTURAL SECTOR TO MOVE INTO THE EQUALLY UNPRODUCTIVE OR LESS PRODUCTIVE SERVICES SECTOR

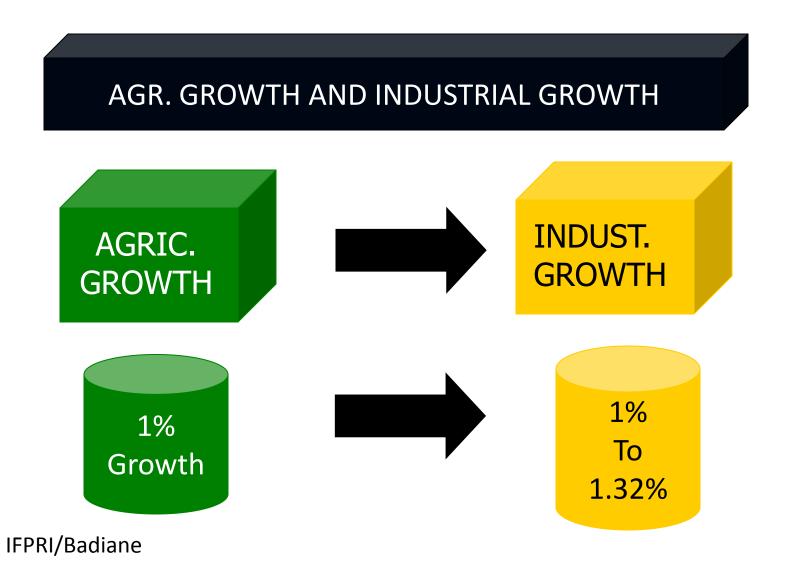
CONCLUSION NO. 3

RELATIVELY OVERSIZED LOWER-PRODUCTIVITY SERVICES SECTOR HAS IMPACTED NEGATIVELY ON TRANSFORMATION

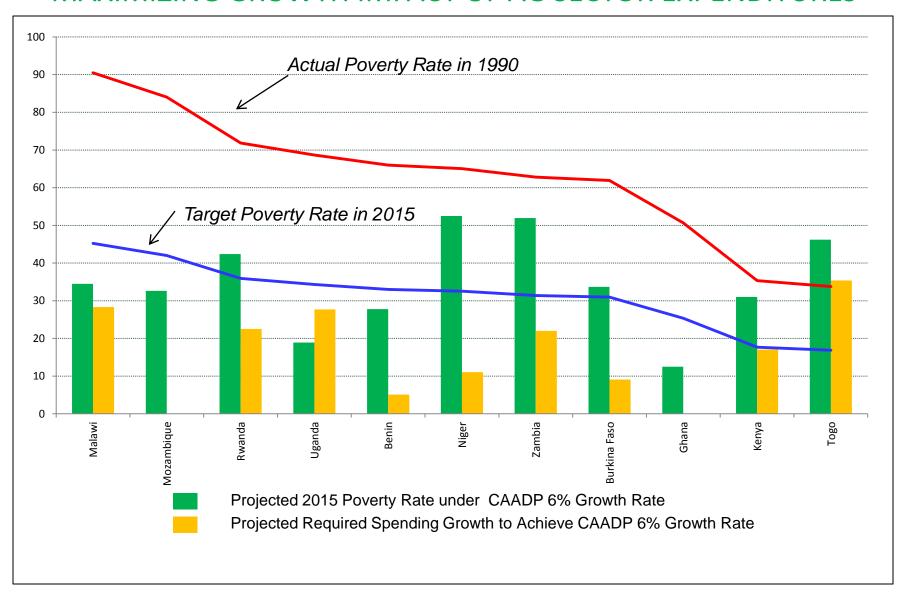


SOURCE: IFPRI/Badiane & Makombe Data from WDI, 2009

NEED TO FOSTER AGRICULTURAL GROWTH AND ITS CONTRIBUTION TO ECONOMIC TRANSFORMATION

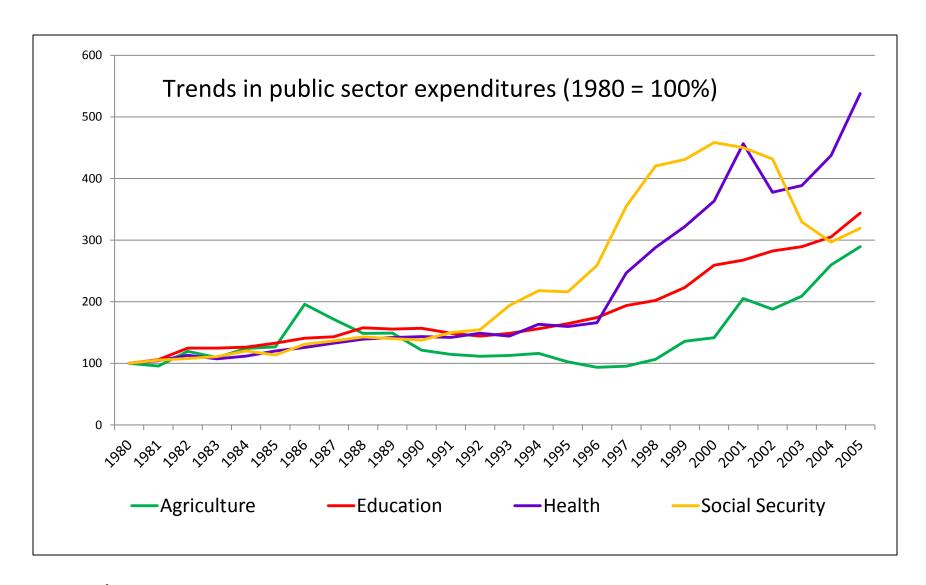


PRIORITY No. 1 MAXIMIZING GROWTH IMPACT OF AG SECTOR EXPENDITURES



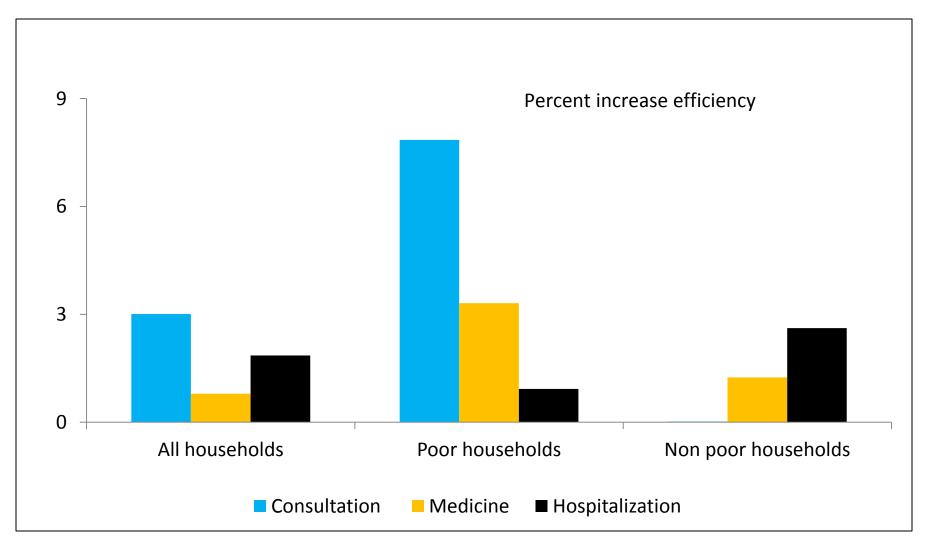
Badiane and Ulimwengu (2010)

PRIORITY No. 2 FOCUS SOCIAL SECTOR EXPENDITURES ON GROWTH



FOCUS SOCIAL SERVICES ON PRODUCTIVITY GROWTH

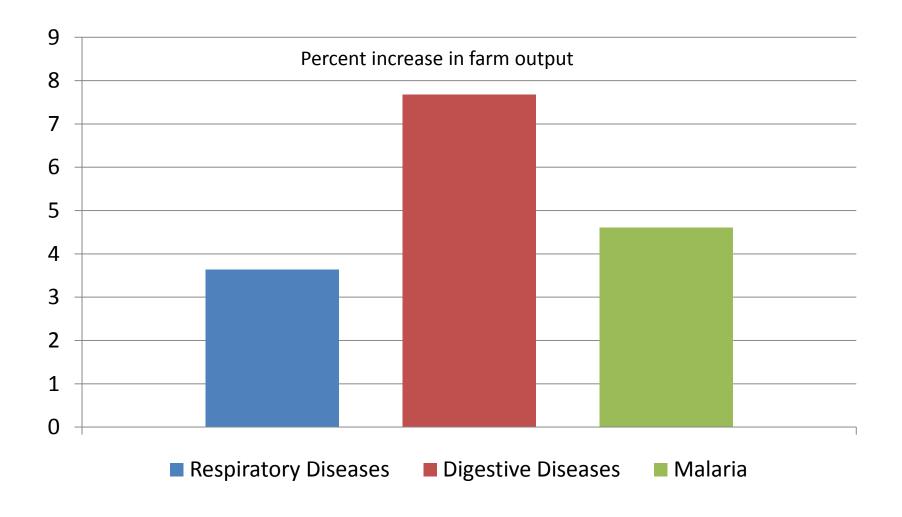
EXEMPLE OF HEALTH SECTOR EXPENDITURES



Efficiency effects of a 10% change in different types of health Badiane and Ulimwengu (2012) expenditures in Uganda: All diseases

FOCUS SOCIAL SERVICES ON PRODUCTIVITY GROWTH

EXEMPLE OF HEALTH SECTOR EXPENDITURES



Effects of a 10% change in consultation expenditures on farm output (Burkina Faso)

PROMOTING SUCCESSFUL STRUCTURAL CHANGE

IMPLICATIONS FOR AGRICULTURAL GROWTH AND INDUSTRIALIZATION STATEGIES





Center on Food Security and the Environment

Stanford Symposium Series on Global Food Policy and Food Security in the 21st Century

Agriculture and Structural Transformation in Africa

Ousmane Badiane

Director for Africa International Food Policy Research Institute

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